Resolution GA-01 March 28 1 2 3 Forced Marriage Re.: 4 Submitted to: General Assembly 5 Pakistan, Israel, North Korea Submitted by: 6 March 28, 2014 Date: 7 8 Whereas Article 6 of the UNIVERSAL DECLARATION OF HUMAN RIGHTS states, 9 "Everyone has the right to recognition everywhere as a person before the law.", and 10 11 *Whereas* Article 10 of the UNIVERSAL DECLARATION OF HUMAN RIGHTS states. 12 "Everyone is entitled in full equality to a fair and public hearing by an independent and 13 impartial tribunal, in the determination of his rights and obligations and of any criminal 14 charge against him.", and 15 16 Whereas Article 16 section 2 of the UNIVERSAL DECLARATION OF HUMAN RIGHTS 17 states, "Marriage shall be entered into only with the free and full consent of the intending 18 spouses.", and 19 20 Whereas Article 26, section 1 of the UNIVERSAL DECLARATION OF HUMAN RIGHTS 21 states, "Everyone has the right to education. Education shall be free, at least in the 22 elementary and fundamental stages. Elementary education shall be compulsory. 23 Technical and professional education shall be made generally available and higher 24 education shall be equally accessible to all on the basis of merit.", and 25 26 Appalled that more than half the marriages in the world are arranged, and 27 28 Shocked that 27 girls under the age of 18 get married every minute, and 29 30 Dismayed that 85% of Afghan women reported that they had experienced physical, sexual, or 31 psychological violence or forced marriage, and 32 33 *Realizing* that girls living in poor households are almost twice more likely to marry before 18 34 than girls in higher income households, and 35 36 Understanding here is a difference between forced marriage and arranged marriage. Arranged 37 marriage is where the marriage has been planned, but both people are okay with the 38 arrangement. Forced marriage is when one or both of the people do not want to marry 39 but are not given a choice, and some kind of abuse is usually involved, 40 41 42

1	Be	It Hereby Resolved That The General Assembly:
2 3 4 5	1.	The United Nations will begin a program called Ending Forced Marriages (EFM) to address the problem of forced marriages.
6 7 8	2.	EFM will last for five years, and it will take place in Niger, Chad, Central African Republic, Bangladesh, and Guinea- the countries with the highest rate of forced marriages.
9 10	3.	EFM will take a comprehensive approach to the prevention of forced marriage.
11 12 13 14		a. There will be a hotline number in the countries listed above that girls can call if they are being forced into a marriage. The hotline number will be run by UN staff from that country who will either direct them to a safe house, or they will contact law enforcement.
15 16 17 18 19 20		b. Also included is a two part educational program about the dangers of forced marriage and explanation of why it is illegal. One part of the education program will be targeting adult, who might be considering forcing their daughters into marriage. The other part will educate children on the dangers of forced marriage and how to avoid it. Hopefully, these education programs will help stop the cultural acceptance of force marriage.
21 22 23 24		c. EFM will provide incentives for marriages over the age of 18. Parents who delay marriage for their daughters until after the age of 18 will receive a small monetary reward.
25 26 27		d. There will also be a public awareness campaign for the general population of these countries to advertise the laws against forced marriage and why those laws are in place.
28 29 30		e. Incentive for the governments who decrease the forced marriage percentage by 10% a year.
31 32 33	4.	To provide funding for EFM, the UN will partner with iTunes, asking for a two cent fee on every download for a year, resulting in 320 million dollars to fund this program.
34 35 36	5.	If EFM is successful, we will expand the program after the original five year period to allow for other countries who have problems with forced marriage to participate.

Resolution G	A-02 March 28
Re.:	Misuse of Pesticides
Submitted to:	General Assembly
Submitted by:	Argentina
Date:	March 28, 2014
	of the UNIVERSAL DECLARATION OF HUMAN RIGHTS states, "All
	ngs are born free and equal in dignity and rights. They are endowed with
	I conscience and should act towards one another in a spirit of brotherhood.",
and Whanaga Article 2	3 of the UNIVERSAL DECLARATION OF HUMAN RIGHTS states,
	has the right to life, liberty, and security of person.", and
Whereas Article 2	25, section 1 of the UNIVERSAL DECLARATION OF HUMAN RIGHTS
states, "Ev	veryone has the right to a standard of living adequate for the health and well-
	imself and his family, including food, clothing, housing, and medical care, and
2	social services, and the right to security in the event of unemployment,
-	lisability, widowhood, old age, or other lack of livelihood in circumstances
beyond his	s control.", and
0	d that 80 percent of children in Argentina surveyed have pesticides in their
blood, and	
A.7 7.1 .	
	uses of American products such as Monsanto pesticides are poisoning
	and its surrounding countries. In a province of Argentina, pesticides are ncer rates two times higher than in the rest of the country, and
Observing a surve	ey in Argentina; ninety percent of corn, ninety-four percent of soy, and ninety
0	cotton seed is poisoned by pesticides and in some cases genetically engineered
Recognizing : that	many other countries have pesticide issues such as Guatemala, Nicaragua,
	a, and Ecuador. These countries all have a 35 out of 100,000 people with APP ticide poisoning), and
Be It Hereby Res	solved That The General Assembly:
1. The United Na (P.O.F.P).	ations will begin a program called Protecting Organisms From Pesticides
-	solve this problem by cleaning food to protect organisms/people from ingesting will do this by supplying water and food purifiers to famers and citizens on

1 2 3 4		farms in Argentina and Guatemala. These purifiers will keep what the citizens eat clean. In Argentina 7% of the country lives on farms. In Guatemala 88% of the country lives on farms. This will be our immediate help before we can teach the farmers how to use pesticides.
5 6 7 8 9 10	3.	We will educate the farmers by sending one specialist within P.O.F.P to educate a group of approximately ten people (farmers) within a common area in Argentina and Guatemala, eventually traveling to all of the agricultural areas in the countries. The specialist will educate the people on how to correctly use pesticides. We are requesting that 1,000 specialists (500 per country) be sent at a total, 2 yr. cost of \$48,000,000 (that's a cost of \$2000/month for one specialist to cover travel, living expenses).
11 12 13 14	4.	We will also send 1,000 soil specialists to monitor the pesticide levels in the soil and food for this 2 yr. period at a cost of \$48,000,000 (same cost as above).
15 16 17	5.	We will begin this process in large farming areas in Argentina and Guatemala and monitor success by checking the crops and soil for amount of pesticides present.
18 19 20 21	6.	If after two years, levels of pesticides are found to be at safe usage levels and the numbers of Acute Pesticide Poisoning cases have been decreased by over 50%, then this program can be expanded to other countries.
22 23 24	7.	Other countries that need help dealing with pesticide usage, such as Costa Rica, Nicaragua, and Ecuador will be invited to join the program.
25 26	8.	We can then move onto the countries of Costa Rica, Nicaragua, and Ecuador.
27 28 29 30	9.	Our process will cost \$317,351,410 altogether. The water/food purifiers for Argentina and Guatemala will cost \$221,351,410. (Will be including the number of water/food purifiers here). To send the specialists (educators and testers) over it will cost \$96,000,000.
31 32 33 34	10	. We will be asking Monsanto, and other large pesticide manufacturers that sell to these countries, to cover the cost of sending the specialists to Argentina and Guatemala, \$96,000,000, while also continuing to pay these specialists an appropriate salary.
35 36 37	11	. To fund our program, it will take two years. We will need to raise \$221,351,410 to cover the cost of the food purifiers.
38 39 40 41	12	. We will ask Apple, who sells 2,500,000,000 songs annually to raise the price of a song download to \$1.40 rather than \$1.30. The extra ten cents will go to fund our program. We would make \$250,000,000 a year.
42 43	13	. (There will be another clause inserted here dealing with funding if Apple doesn't agree to the price increase/donation).

Resolution GA-03 March 28 1 2 3 Rising threat of IEDs in Afghanistan Re.: 4 General Assembly Submitted to: 5 Afghanistan Submitted by: 6 March 28, 2014 Date: 7 8 Whereas Article 3 of the UNIVERSAL DECLARATION OF HUMAN RIGHTS states, 9 "Everyone has the right to life, liberty, and security of person.", and 10 11 Whereas Article 5 of the UNIVERSAL DECLARATION OF HUMAN RIGHTS states, "No one 12 shall be subjected to torture or to cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment or punishment.", 13 and 14 15 *Concerned* that in 2012, there were 15,222 incidents involving Improvised Explosive Devices 16 (IEDs), and 17 18 *Alarmed* by the fact that IEDs still cause 61% of wounds and deaths U.S. troops suffer, and 19 20 *Dismayed* that improvised explosive devices (IEDs) killed the most Afghan civilians according 21 to the UN, accounting 41% of deaths in conflict, and 22 23 Shocked that between January 1, and December 31, 2012, UNAMA recorded 868 civilian deaths 24 from IEDs, and 25 26 Stunned that the Taliban and other anti-government elements have been blamed for 2,080 27 civilians who were killed in Afghanistan last year - a sharp rise of 28% on 2009. This 28 accounted for 75% of all deaths whereas pro-government forces totalled 440 civilian 29 killings, and 30 31 Surprised that suicide bombings and improvised explosive devices (IEDs) have killed the most 32 Afghan civilians according to the UN, with 1,141 losing their life as a result, 33 34 **Be It Hereby Resolved That The General Assembly:** 35 36 1. The UN shall make a program called the United Nations Department of Bomb Prevention, 37 UNDBP. 38 39 2. The UNDBP will purchase bomb-detecting dogs and hire personnel that will patrol with 40 these dogs and teach the people to identify possible IED positions with our findings. 41 42 3. The dog teams will cost about \$164,000 per team and we will have 120 of these teams. 43

- 4. The total cost will be around \$19,680,000 and we will get the money from raising dues on 1 the following donating countries, the United States, Japan, and the European Union. We will 2 3 raise their dues by 10%.
- 4 5 5. The dog teams shall be put into duty on the first of April, 2014.
- 6 7 6. If the death toll and explosion rate goes down, we will send another 120 dog teams to 8 9 Afghanistan by April, 2015. If this works, we will expand the plan to Pakistan.

10

Resolution GA-04 March 28		
Dec		
Re.:	Albinos and Hate Crimes	
Submitted to:	General Assembly	
Submitted by:	Tanzania, Syria, Luxembourg	
Date:	March 28, 2014	
Whereas Article	L of the UNIVERSAL DECLARATION OF HUMAN RIGHTS states, "All	
human bei	ngs are born free and equal in dignity and rights. They are endowed with	
reason and	l conscience and should act towards one another in a spirit of brotherhood.",	
and		
Whereas Article 3	3 of the UNIVERSAL DECLARATION OF HUMAN RIGHTS states,	
"Everyone	e has the right to life, liberty, and security of person.", and	
	22, of the UNIVERSAL DECLARATION OF HUMAN RIGHTS states,	
	e, as a member of society, has the right to social security and is entitled to	
	, through national effort and international co-operation and in accordance with	
	zation and resources of each State, of the economic, social and cultural rights	
indispensa	ble for his dignity and the free development of his personality.", and	
	e 2007 around 57 albinos in Tanzania have been murdered because others	
believed the	neir bones contained magical powers, and	
~		
	killers and their accomplices use hair, arms, legs, skin, eyes, genitals, and blood	
in rituals c	or for witch potions, and	
Dismayed that fis	herman put Albino hair in their fishing nets in hope that they will catch more	
-	xe Victoria or to find gold in the fish that they catch, and	
	e victoria or to find gold in the fish that they eaten, and	
Understanding th	at what is happening to Albinos qualifies as a hate crime, and	
0	arities have been founded to help people with albinism in Tanzania like Asante	
	which donates sun protected clothing, sunglasses, and sunscreen to the Albinos.	
It also don	ates money and funds to them to help their journey to reaching independence,	
Be It Hereby Res	solved That The General Assembly:	
1. The United Na	ations will begin a program called Golden Boy. UN staff will visit albinos and	
	a safe environment, providing emergency care, training them to fend for	
	nd overall giving safety. We will partner with Asante Miriamu, a program	
already started	l, and named after Mariamu Stanford (an albino woman who was attacked and	

43 in the process lost both of her arms).

1		
2	2.	This organization will help albinos in Tanzania by giving them donations, life-saving sun
3 4		protection, and trying to give albinos ways to support themselves and providing them with a safe lifestyle. (temporary housing and food)
5		sale mestyle. (temporary nousing and rood)
6	3.	Golden Boy will also include a public awareness campaign that teaches the people of
7 8		Tanzanian villages and other cities and villages that albinos are regular people, and possess no magical powers or capabilities. To carry this out, we will bring spokespeople into the
9		villages and prepare slideshows and easy to follow presentations, and present them in
10		schools, businesses, hospitals, religious facilities, and other jobs.
11		
12	4.	It will take one year to establish this program, but it will last six years once it is underway.
13 14	5.	This program will be in Tanzania and other African countries where hate crimes against
14	5.	albinos are common.
16		
17	6.	This will be a pilot program. After our program demonstrates success helping albinos we will
18		move to other countries where other hate crimes against minorities occur. Assuming that this
19		program is successful it will continue for six more years.
20	7	We will roles the UN dues of the ten 17 countries by 0.50/ to new for this records. In
21 22	1.	We will raise the UN dues of the top 17 countries by 0.5% to pay for this program. In addition, for every Apple product bought, \$.50 will be donated to the Golden Boy program.
22		This will give us an approximate total of \$176,446,430.29 per year. We will spend \$125
24		million dollars the first year and \$100 million every other year. \$40 million dollars will be
25		split in between the participating governments. The rest of the money will be put in a reserve
26		to be used in case of anything unexpected and to help families of albinos.
27		
28		

_	
Re.:	Education
Submitted to:	General Assembly
Submitted by:	Poland
Date:	March 28, 2014
	of the UNIVERSAL DECLARATION OF HUMAN RIGHTS states, "No one d in slavery or servitude; slavery and the slave trade shall be prohibited in all ", and
Whereas Article 20	6, section 1 of the UNIVERSAL DECLARATION OF HUMAN RIGHTS
states, "Eve	and fundamental stages. Elementary education shall be compulsory.
	and professional education shall be made generally available and higher
	hall be equally accessible to all on the basis of merit.", and
cudeation s	han be equally accessible to an on the basis of ment., and
Whereas Article 20	5, section 2 of the UNIVERSAL DECLARATION OF HUMAN RIGHTS
	ication shall be directed to the full development of the human personality and
	gthening of respect for human rights and fundamental freedoms. It shall
	derstanding, tolerance, and friendship among all nations, racial or religious
-	shall further the activities of the United nations for the maintenance of
peace.", and	
1	
Whereas Article 20	6, section 3 of the UNIVERSAL DECLARATION OF HUMAN RIGHTS
states, "Par	ents have a prior right to choose the kind of education that shall be given to
their childre	en.", and
Whereas Article 29	<u>9</u> section 1 of the UNIVERSAL DECLARATION OF HUMAN RIGHTS
states, "Eve	eryone has duties to the community in which alone the free and full
developmen	nt of his personality is possible.", and
	stan, Chad, Afghanistan, Guinea, and Niger put together have the average
literacy of 1	ate of 39.8%, and
Aware of the world	I's literacy rate as of 2010 that was 84.1%, and
	vorld's best economy is the United States with a literacy rate of 99%, Pakistan
	26 th when it comes to economics, Guinea is in the bottom 10 countries for
	Afghanistan is ranked 101 st in the economy, Chad has the 117 th worst
economy, a	nd Niger's economy is ranked 99 th in the world,

1 <u>Be It Hereby Resolved That The General Assembly:</u>		It Hereby Resolved That The General Assembly:
2 3 4 5 6	1.	The United Nations will begin a program called "Boost Global Literacy Rate (BGLR)" which will focus on raising the literacy rate in the countries of Pakistan, Chad, Afghanistan, Guinea, and Niger.
7 8	2.	BGLR will work with other organizations that work on increasing the world's literacy rate such as UNICEF.
9 10 11	3.	We plan to need 4 years and if successful we can run the program for another 4 years to continue to expand literacy rate.
12 13 14	4.	We will send the supplies listed to Chad, Afghanistan, Guinea, Pakistan, and Niger. The teachers will go around the communities with in these countries.
15 16 17 18	5.	BGLR would send 500 vans for all five countries supplied with 2-4 volunteer teachers per van, and 900,000 emergency school kits in all. (180,000 packs per country that includes radio, pencils, paper, blackboard, & more).
19 20 21	6.	First we will take on Guinea to educate 15 year olds or younger and train kids who want to be teachers.
22 23	7.	The vans will cost \$15,352,500 for 500 vans.
24 25	8.	The packs will cost \$231,300,000 for 900,000 emergency kits.
26 27	9.	In all the total cost will be \$246,652,500 for 4 years.
28 29 30 31	10.	To get funding we plan to raise the UN fee by 0.1%, to the countries of the Bahamas, Costa Rica, Cuba, Egypt, and France. Raising 0.5% from Czech Republic, Denmark, and Finland. Raising 1% from Germany and in total we will have raised \$22,501,000.
32 33 34 35	11.	Then we will ask for \$25,000,000 from Polish billionaires Michal Solowow(rally car driver), Leszek Czarnecki(Engineer), Roman Karkosik(investor), Zygmunt Solorz-Zak(T.V broadcaster), and Jan Wejchert(Engineering). If successful we will have \$125,000,000.
36 37 38	12.	Then to wrap up our funding we will ask America's own Bill Gates for \$100,000,000 giving BGLR enough money to run the program for four years.
39 40 41 42	13.	After our 4 years if the literacy rate in each of the countries is over 50%, the program will be expanded to the countries of The Democratic Republic of Congo, Burundi, and finally Mozambique.

1 <u>Resolution GA-06 March 28</u> 2		
	omitted to: omitted by:	Drug Abuse General Assembly Turkey March 28, 2014
Wh		of the UNIVERSAL DECLARATION OF HUMAN RIGHTS states, has the right to life, liberty, and security of person.", and
<i>Whereas</i> <u>Article 25</u> , section 1 of the UNIVERSAL DECLARATION OF HUMAN RIGHTS states, "Everyone has the right to a standard of living adequate for the health and well- being of himself and his family, including food, clothing, housing, and medical care, and necessary social services, and the right to security in the event of unemployment, sickness, disability, widowhood, old age, or other lack of livelihood in circumstances beyond his control.", and		
App	<i>palled</i> that in 20	050, drug abuse is expected to have risen by over 25 percent, and
Dis	<i>turbed</i> that roug	ghly 230 million people had used an illegal drug at least once in 2010, and
Sh	-	lematic drug users, mainly dependent on heroin and cocaine, make up an e 0.6 percent of the world adult population, an estimated 27 million, and
Hor	<i>rified</i> that each	n year, about 200,000 people die from drug abuse worldwide,
<u>Be</u>	It Hereby Reso	blved That The General Assembly:
		orm a committee called Disband the Rampant Abuse of Drugs (DRAD). It was ne United Kingdom, and France (the three countries with the highest drug
		ork with organizations, such as UNODC, that focus on ending drug abuse. o team up with local law enforcement in the selected areas.
		in a group of doctors, psychologists, and officers (the officers will be from cement) to help those who have been hurt by drugs, and stop people from
4.	The individuals	s who have been using and/or selling drugs will be dealt with appropriately
), we will need two million dollars. In order to pay for this, we ask that the on the top 15 wealthiest nations by 10%. We will also hold numerous bene

- 1 in case we do not have enough money or need more money.
- 2
 6. Disband the Rampant Abuse of Drugs will last for three years. If after that time there has
 been a decrease in drug abuse by 5%, DRAD's work will continue for another three years. At
 this time, there will be a discussion on whether or not to expand DRAD's work into other
 regions.